

2014 北京中考英语试题及答案

知识运用 (共 25 分)

四、单项填空。(共 13 分, 每小题 1 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

22. I have a big brother, _____ name is Paul.

- A. His B. Her C. Its D. Your

23. I sometimes help my mom with the housework _____ Saturdays.

- A. at B. in C. on D. to

24. I'd like to go with you, _____ I'm too busy.

- A. or B. and C. so D. but

25. - _____ people are there in your family?

- Three.

- A. How often B. How long C. How many D. How much

26. - Which season do you like _____, winter or summer?

- Summer.

- A. well B. better C. best D. the best

27. - Must I hand in my homework now, Mr. Smith?

- No, you _____.

- A. can't B. shouldn't C. wouldn't D. needn't

28. - What do you often do at weekends?

- I often _____ my grandparents.

- A. visit B. visited C. have visited D. will visit

29. My parents always tell me _____ more vegetables and fruit.

- A. eat B. eating C. eats D. to eat

30. - What were you doing when we were playing basketball yesterday afternoon?

- I _____ the classroom.

- A. was cleaning B. have cleaned C. will clean D. clean

31. A new hospital _____ in my town next year.

A. builds B. built C. is built D. will be built

32. He _____ in this factory for 20 years already.

A. will work B. works C. has worked D. is working

33. Look! The clock has stopped. Maybe there's _____ wrong with it.

A. everything B. something C. anything D. nothing

34. - Do you know _____ the meeting?

- Tomorrow morning.

A. when they had B. when they are going to have

C. when did they have D. when are they going to have

五、完形填空。(共 12 分, 每小题 1 分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

Santa Can Come before Christmas

It was last June. I entered a supermarket to pick some vegetables, when a young man asked me, "Can you tell me where the _____ (35) counter (柜台) is?"

"Well, the milk is in the lower right corner," I replied.

Picking up my things, I finally came to the milk counter where I met the same man _____ (36) almost 10 bottles of milk.

I asked, "Do you need a basket or a trolley?"

"Sure, thank you," he answered.

I was _____ (37) he was still picking more bottles and after a few minutes his trolley had 24 bottles of milk.

I laughed and asked, "Why so many bottles?"

He smiled and said, "These are for my street dogs. Today, I want to be a Santa _____ (38) them."

I said, "Well, it's too _____ (39) for you to be a Santa. It is still June and Christmas comes in December."

He _____ (40) at me and walked a few steps, as if he wanted to say something but he left the counter without saying anything.

_____ (41), we met again at the bread counter.

"So these bread and cakes are also for the street dogs, Mr. Santa."

He smiled and said, "Yes. These are also for the dogs and I love to be Mr. Santa in the month of June. Santa is a representation (象征) of surprises and _____ (42). Santa comes in December as we _____ (43) him around Christmas. But in real life there is a Santa in each one of us that shines through our personality at some point of time, no matter which month it is. Maybe when you offered help to me by getting me a trolley, there was a _____ (44) Santa in you. When we offer food to a poor man or a(n) _____ (45) to someone who is caught in the rain, we are being Santa there. So when you offer help to others or get help from others, just think that Santa has come all the way for you."

He left and I was happy that I had met him. It was right to understand that Santa can come before Christmas. We just need to realize that he is around us by _____ (46) happiness and unconditional love.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 35. A. vegetable | B. milk | C. bread | D. fish |
| 36. A. putting | B. choosing | C. holding | D. bringing |
| 37. A. sad | B. excited | C. angry | D. surprised |
| 38. A. for | B. on | C. of | D. by |
| 39. A. easy | B. early | C. helpful | D. important |
| 40. A. pointed | B. laughed | C. shouted | D. turned |
| 41. A. Luckily | B. Suddenly | C. Hopefully | D. Naturally |
| 42. A. love | B. success | C. friendship | D. honor |
| 43. A. call | B. show | C. expect | D. invite |
| 44. A. lost | B. frozen | C. forgotten | D. hidden |
| 45. A. camera | B. umbrella | C. apple | D. box |
| 46. A. storing | B. facing | C. spreading | D. increasing |

阅读理解 (共 44 分)

六、阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。(共 26 分, 每小题 2 分)

A

School Programs

Hillbrook School

Music Program is offered all year round to students of grades 1-5. You can choose violin lessons or piano lessons. Enjoy our beautiful school with gardens and playgrounds.

Tel: 650-968-5957
www.hillbrook.com



Emerson School

Sports Program for students of grades 1-3 starts in January!

Woodshop Program starts on January 15th. Students of grades 4-6 are welcome.

Tel: 650-903-0986
www.emerson.com

Monarch School

Group classes in art are offered every day. Nice and patient teachers are waiting for you. Monthly shows and weekly classes with guest artists. Art Program for beginners only.

Tel: 650-720-1677
www.monarch.com

Almaden School

Every child can be different and special. Our Development Program helps students of grades 1-6 improve thinking skills through math, science, life skills, cultural activities and fun games.

Tel: 650-403-3575
www.almaden.com

47. Which school offers Music Program?

A. Hillbrook School.

B. Emerson School.

C. Monarch School.

D. Almaden School.

And how can we avoid the ignorance (无知), which too often leads to prejudice (偏见) and even fear? If instead you want to live in a society that opens to changes and new things and different opinions, be the cat among the pigeons.

Move out of your comfort zone. Go and sit next to someone different. And don't just sit there in silence. Say hello. Ask a question. Start a conversation. That's how we make friends. That's how we learn about people. That's how we open our minds to new ideas. That's how we live an exciting life.

53. From the passage, we know that people prefer sitting by someone who _____.

- A. is like themselves
- B. has a sense of humor
- C. is open-minded
- D. lives an exciting life

54. People like staying in their comfort zone because they may _____.

- A. remain comfortable and special
- B. be accepted easily and feel safe
- C. find out more interesting things
- D. discover differences among themselves

55. What is the purpose of the passage?

- A. To tell us just to be ourselves in social life.
- B. To introduce ways to learn about the world.
- C. To explain how people communicate with others.
- D. To encourage us to meet people of different kinds.

D

Teens want structure in their lives, which means they want their lives well-planned. To begin building structure, teens need love and trust. They need to know their parents are there to give them needed love and support (支持). Teens want to be sure that nothing can prevent parents from shouldering their responsibility for them — not their growing maturity (成熟), misbehavior, nor anger at something they have done. Teens want parents to keep control while

allowing them to make some decisions.

There are some ways you can help your teens create reasonable structure and remain close. One way is to spend time together. Parents often mistake their teens' increased interest in friends for a disinterest in the family.

Teens would like to spend more time doing things with their parents, but watching TV is not **counted as** spending time together. As your teens mature, it is important you and your teens spend time alone together, one to one. Your teens need time to talk to you alone without any other family member present.

Talk with your teens about their interests and concerns. Make sure you really show interest in what is happening. When talking with your teens, give full attention and do not stop them.

The way to help your teens become adults is to let your teens into your world. Sharing your emotions and concerns with your teens is important. Avoid causing needless worry.

Trust your teens. Don't expect the worst. Hope for the best. Telling your teens you don't like their friends will cause the teens not to bring their friends home. If something should go wrong, believe that your teens didn't do it on purpose.

It is very important that you treat your teens with respect. Teens need the same respect adults show for total strangers. Don't talk down to your teens.

You need to be supportive of your teens. What may be a small problem to you may be troubling to your teens. Teens don't have the experiences that adults have had. Let the teens know that you understand how much it hurts when something happens that is upsetting or hurtful to them. As they mature, they can look back at some problems they had and laugh at having been upset by something that now seems unimportant.

The most important things to remember are: talk with your teens, listen to their worries and offer suggestions when needed. This will help your teens to live a well-organized life.

56. According to Paragraph 1, teens _____.
- A. can control themselves
 - B. expect direction and freedom
 - C. don't know how to make decisions
 - D. don't have responsibility for the family
57. The underlined part "counted as" in Paragraph 3 probably means "_____".
- A. compared with
 - B. used as
 - C. connected with
 - D. regarded as
58. To help teens organize their lives, parents should _____.
- A. invite their teens' friends home
 - B. leave their teens' problems alone
 - C. share their feelings with their teens
 - D. pay little attention to their teens' daily lives
59. What is the best title of the passage?
- A. Training Teens to Become Responsible Adults
 - B. Helping Teens to Build Reasonable Structure
 - C. Improving the Relationship with Your Teens
 - D. Stepping into Your Teens' Secret World

七、阅读短文，根据短文内容，从短文后的五个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。（共8分，每小题2分）

Peter lost his friend's book. He felt very sad. Kate broke her mom's favorite cup. _____ (60). She was so sorry for her mistake.

We all make mistakes because we're human. And it's not always easy to get on well with everyone all the time. Sometimes we hurt people's feelings although we don't do it on purpose. Sometimes we hurt people's feelings on purpose, _____ (61). So we apologize (道歉).

An apology tells someone that we're sorry for our mistakes. It's a way to

show that we'll try to do better in future.

Apologies are one of the tools to build good friendships and relationships. When you say "I'm sorry", you probably feel **bad because** what you did or said hurt another person. _____ (62). you're also saying that you respect the other person, **and care** about his or her feelings. Apologizing shows you have empathy (同情).

After apologizing, you might feel a little better. _____ (63). When you apologize in a caring way, you may feel good **because** you are trying to make things right **again**.

- A. Then she cried
- B. but we feel bad later
- C. When you say "I'm sorry"
- D. and you want to return his book
- E. The other person will probably feel better, too

八、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（共10分，每小题2分）

Almost every kid in this country has ever **eaten** Hershey chocolate. But do you know that the Hershey chocolate factory is more than one hundred years old? **And do you know that** the father of Hershey Chocolate, Milton Hershey, **had many failures** in business before he started his famous company?

Milton Hershey grew up in Pennsylvania. **Before he** became interested in making chocolate, he worked as a printer **for a small** newspaper at first, and then decided that printing was not the right job for him.

Then he worked at a candy factory in Lancaster. After working a few years there, he **decided to open** his own little candy business near Philadelphia. His **first business failed** because it was not making money. After that, he went to Denver to learn how to make caramels (什糖). He **took his new skills** back to New York and worked selling candies on the **street**. But his second business

also failed.

Finally, Milton Hershey moved back to Pennsylvania where he grew up. He then experimented with all sorts of different candies and chocolates. By 1893 he was selling a million dollars worth of caramel candy each year. Since his chocolate-flavored (巧克力味的) caramels were the best selling, he decided to make chocolate himself.

By experimenting, Milton Hershey discovered how to make delicious chocolate. The area where he lived had a large and easy supply of milk and sugar, which helped him succeed in his chocolate business. In 1903, Milton Hershey built a huge chocolate factory and a town to go with it.

Today, the town of Hershey is still the home of the factory that Milton Hershey built. And if you ever visit it, you can smell delicious chocolate smells just by driving through the town.

The factory is not so hard to find. Just travel down Cocoa Avenue until you get to East Chocolate Avenue. Turn right at the traffic lights and just follow your nose.

64. Who is the father of Hershey Chocolate?

65. Where did he grow up?

66. Why did he go to Denver?

67. Why did he decide to make chocolate himself?

68. What might be the reasons for Hershey's success in his chocolate business?

书面表达 (共 25 分)

九、完成句子。 (共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

根据中文意思完成句子。

69. 这个故事很有趣, 让我们一起来读一读吧。

The story is very interesting. _____ read it together.

70. 把东西收好, 该睡觉了。

Put your things away. _____ bed.

71. 少开车对环境有好处。

To drive less is _____ the environment.

72. 听到这个好消息, 她高兴得说不出话来。

He was _____ say a word when he heard the good news.

73. 咱们选 Mike 当班长怎么样? 他不仅诚实, 而且守信。

Shall we make Mike our monitor? He is _____.

十、文段表达。 (15 分)

根据中文和英文提示, 写一封意思连贯、符合逻辑、不少于 50 词的回信。信的开头和结尾已给出, 其词数不计入所完成的回信内; 所给英文提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

74. 假如你叫李华, 你的美国笔友 Tom 上周末刚过完生日。他想知道你经常和谁一起过生日, 怎么过的, 你收到的最喜欢的礼物是什么, 以及你喜欢它的原因。请你根据他的问题回复邮件。

提示词语: cake, noodles, sing songs, make a wish, get presents



- Who do you often celebrate your birthday with?
Your parents? Your friends? Or...?
- What do you usually do on your birthday?
- What is your favorite present? Why do you like it?

To Tom
From Li Hua

Subject Birthday

Hi! Tom,

I'm glad that you had a nice birthday party last week.

Yours,

Li Hua

知识运用 (共 25 分)

四、单项填空。(共 13 分, 每小题 1 分)

22-26. ACDCB 27-31. DADAD 32-34. CBB

五、完形填空。(共 12 分, 每小题 1 分)

35-39. BCADB 40-44. DAACD 45-46. BC

阅读理解 (共 44 分)

六、阅读短文, 选择最佳选项。(共 26 分, 每小题 2 分)

47-49. ADC 50-52. BCA 53-55. ABD

56-59. BDCB

七、阅读短文, 还原句子。(共 8 分, 每小题 2 分)

60-63. ABCE

八、阅读短文, 回答问题。(共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

64. Milton Hershey.

65. He grew up in Pennsylvania.

66. Because he wanted to learn how to make caramel

67. Because his chocolate-flavored caramels were the best selling.

68. His courage, new skills, determination and the large and easy supply of milk and sugar.

书面表达 (25 分)

九、完成句子。(共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

69. Let's

70. It's time for / It's time to go to

71. good for

72. too happy / glad / excited to

或 so happy / glad / excited that he couldn't

73. not only honest but can also keep his word